

HAMILTON LANG  
EDITOR AND PRINTER

The prophesy for Mr. McLean a  
rapid advance in the domain of poli-  
tics. Financial reasons have alone  
hitherto kept him out of the Con-  
gress.



E. Simpson & Co.

LUMBER ETC.

Mouldings Lath, Shingles, Fence	CHOP \$1 PER CWT.	Windows and Doors Frames, Brown and Tarred Building Paper, Three Ply Medial Brand Roofing.
Posts, Sill, Oak, Ash, Maple, Bamwood, Frame, Baluster, Corner Blocks,	SLAB WOOD \$5. STOVE WOOD \$8.	

SEE OUR \$20 BOARDS

Fire and Life Insurance.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"Not clinging to some ancient law,  
Not mastered by some modern term,  
Not swift nor slow to change; but firm."

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1892.

COLONIAL TRADE RELATION  
SHIP TO THE EMPIRE.

Many years have elapsed since far-seeing British statesmen predicted that the time must soon come when closer political and trade relations must exist between Great Britain and her colonies, or the inevitable result would be a disruption or disintegration of the Empire.

They foresaw that as the colonies grew in population, in wealth, in agriculture, in commerce, in power, the colonist would evince the same desire to have a voice or share in all Imperial matters which might affect him or would have the same desire to wield the prerogatives of nationality, as a youth has to exercise the rights of manhood.

And so long as this right to share in the legislation, (whether it be in regard to fiscal policies or otherwise,) generally affecting every citizen of the Empire, was denied them, and the more so where magnanimous concessions as to full and responsible government were granted to the colonies, they would pass in their Colonial Parliaments such trade enactments as would in their opinion, best protect their local interests, without regarding to the general interests of the motherland, or the general prosperity of the Empire.

England adopted Free Trade in 1846. The then commercial policy of the Empire was understood and supposed to be Free Trade.

Governors of Colonies, having Responsible Government, were instructed not to give their assent to Provincial Acts passed for the purpose of imposing differential duties on goods imported, thus clearly evidencing an intention that trade and industry should be allowed to follow their natural channels, irrespective of revenue or protective tariff walls.

This was a well recognized principle of Colonial Government down to 1860. The then policy was relaxed.

Earl Grey in an able pamphlet on "The Commercial Policy of the British Colonies" deprecates this relaxation and looks upon it as a most grievous error. "It has," says the Earl, "been injurious both to the Empire and to the colonies themselves."

He continues, "By allowing these Acts to receive the Royal assent the minister of the crown practically put an end to the ancient and most important rule of our colonial administration, that there should be one uniform system of Commercial Policy for the whole of the British Dominions."

The policy certainly was relaxed in regard to Canada when in 1867 it received its "Charter of Liberties."

Canada has fulfilled the expectation of British statesmen of three decades ago, in having established a differential tariff against the Motherland, which tariff is now in full force and effect.

There can be no doubt in the mind of any thinking citizen that in order to foster the idea of Imperial Federation, in order to draw more

closely together in the of mutual interests, and to foster between Great Britain and Canada a deeper sense of that community of interest which ought to exist and does exist between the Motherland and her Canadian colonies, there must soon be some modification of our fiscal policy towards Great Britain, a policy more consistent with our oft boasted claims of pretended affection and unswerving loyalty and devotion.

Unquestionably, if a policy of protection, as against England, is to be the continued policy of the Empire, the injury and detriment of Imperial Trade, as well as our own best interest, the tendency, irrespective of actual pecuniary loss through the falling of inter-trade, must inevitably be to drift apart.

Let us again hope that the resolution in regard to this matter which has been so ably discussed in the House of Commons will be productive of good, the our differential duties as against Great Britain will be either modified or abolished.

The existence of such a fiscal barrier seems to us unjust, as though to be torn down. It is in the nature of that Grand Federation for which every loyal Canadian hopes.

With free trade British trade relations a long step would have been taken towards Imperial Federation, and in fact towards the preservation of the Empire.

Then we might say in the language of poetry:

"Through all her vast domains, old England's heart,  
"Now life-blood sheds, enkindling as of yours  
"High hopes, that ne'er her Empire shall depart,  
"But firm united be for evermore."

#### OF MIXED FARMING.

Throughout the length and breadth of this Northwestern country the backwardness of the spring has well nigh discouraged the farmer, and those who, directly or indirectly, are dependent upon the success of the season's crop. It is impossible to forecast what the year will bring us.

To apply the term "farmer" to the inhabitants of our broad prairies is to use a misnomer. They are not farmers but wheat growers. It is lamentable to witness the decadence of the old time homestead, wherein the adage "never buy what can be raised" was put into rigid practice. Here the adage is to a certain extent reversed and the wheat growers of the North West seldom raise what they can buy.

It is surprising to leave that merchants of Moose Jaw sell more butter and eggs to farmers than to town people. The same thing may be said of Butcher's sundries. By far the greater quantity of fresh meats is sold to the farming community, while the amount of cured or salted meats sold to this class of people is simply astounding.

It is high time that the farmers wakened up to the importance of the fact that, until it cannot be said that the success or failure of the husband and crop will make or mar their fortunes, the business of farming is an exceedingly precarious footing.

#### EDITORIAL NOTES.

A merchant has been fined 100 marks at Frankfurt, Germany, for using a bible quotation to head an advertisement.

Mr. Le Jeune has been appointed representative of the Regina board of trade to the congress of chambers of commerce in London in June next.

The Edmonton Bulletin is now issued as a semi-weekly, being published on Mondays and Thursdays. It has a new assortment of type and presents a crisp and pleasing appearance.

A feature of the May Review of Reviews, and one which illustrates that periodical's habitual journalistic foresight, is a readable sketch of a large number of the most important conventional and summer gatherings which are to be held in the present year, beginning with the great political conventions and, taking up successively the educational, scientific and philanthropic meetings, and the religious gatherings of the season, a number of miscellaneous conventions and meetings of national scope, ten or a dozen

prominent business schools, and seven or eight of the most foreign members of the Order of Foresters, the Columbian celebration at Chicago and the exhibition at Madrid, the minor schools at Oxford, the Vienna exposition of music and the drama, and the religious congresses at Grimsby. The article is interesting with illustrations.

The large flouring establishment belonging to Sir Risha d Cartwright, at Napawan, is being fitted up with new and improved roller process machinery, so it is quite impossible to meet the demands on the mill with the old machinery. Thus it is evident that not only in the direction of the Cartwright's Canadian mill.

During April the Dominion debt was reduced \$274,000. The revenue for April was \$3,188,000 against \$3,127,000 for April last year. The revenue for the current fiscal year has been \$29,900,000 against \$31,300,000 for the corresponding ten months last year. The expenditure for April was \$2,500,000 against \$3,400,000 in April last year. The expenditure on capital account for April was \$2,670,000 against \$3,500,000 in April last year.

The expenditure on consolidated account was \$2,300,000 against \$2,500,000 in April last year. The expenditure for the fiscal year has been \$25,900,000 against \$25,300,000 for ten months last year.

Hon. E. Dewdney has issued a notice exempting the following territory from the provinces of the notice January 1891, prohibiting the sale of ammunition to Indians. Commencing at the height of land between the sources of the Athabasca and North Saskatchewan rivers, and following it northerly to the head waters of Beaver river, thence following Beaver river eastward to its junction with the outlet of Green Lake, thence due south to the 14th base line between townships 52 and 53, thence east following the 14th base line to the northeast corner of township 52 range 13 west of the 2nd meridian, thence south to the 12th correction line between townships 46 and 47, thence east following the 12th correction line to the west shore line of Lake Winnipeg and thence down Lake Winnipeg.

A pleasing incident in connection with the Independent Order of Foresters occurred at Whitewood on Friday the 6th inst. A short time ago Mr. Richmond J. Hart, of the Hudson Bay stores, Whitewood, died suddenly of apoplexy, after being insured for just a week in the I. O. F. leaving a widow and three little boys. On the day named a cheque for \$3000, being the amount of the insurance arrived from the Supreme Court at Toronto. A small deputation of Foresters, consisting of Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger John Hawkes; Financial Secretary Campbell M. L. A.; Court Deputy Miller and Recording Secretary Hendrickson, waited on Mrs. Hart at the Hudson Bay house, and was received by Mrs. Hart, Miss Maud Hart, and Chief Factor McDonald, a friend of the family. Deputy Miller had prepared a suitable address, which he read after which the cheque was handed to Mrs. Hart by D. S. C. R. Hawkes, as the direct representative of the Supreme Court. The Chief, on behalf of Mrs. Hart, warmly thanked the deputation for the liberality and promptness with which the claim had been met, and also expressed Mrs. Hart's grateful acknowledgments of kindness she had received from the Foresters in her sorrow. He also expressed a hope that this example of the noble work done by the Order would tend to spread it in the Territories; a hope in which we very cordially join. Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger Hawkes, in receiving that high rank, has been commissioned by the Supreme Court at Toronto to institute new Courts in the North West, and any communications from any district where it is desired to establish a Court may be addressed to him at Whitewood, Assn. N. W. T. The Supreme Chief Ranger is expected to visit Manitoba and the North West in a few weeks.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau, minister of customs, has become senior partner in the law firm of Braddon, Brogan & Laford, Montreal.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ROYAL MAIL LINES,

The Cheapest and Quickest

—ROUTE—

—To the—  
OLD - COUNTRY I

FROM	FROM	FROM
LIVERPOOL	PORTLAND	HALIFAX
Numbidian March 10th	March 31st	April 2nd
Parisian " 24th	April 15th	April 18th
Mongolian April 7th	" 28th	" 30th
FROM	FROM	FROM
LIVERPOOL	MONTREAL	QUEBEC
Sardinian April 21st	May 7th	May 9th
Numbidian " 28th	" 18th	" 21st
Parisian May 5th	" 21st	" 24th

#### CABIN:

\$10 \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, Upwards.  
Intermediate \$25, Steerage \$20.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and specially low rates to all parts of the European Continent. Prepaid passages arranged from all points.

Apply to nearest Railway or Steamship Agent, to

J. K. STEVENSON, Agent,  
Moose Jaw.  
Or to ROBERT KERR,  
General Passenger Agt., Winnipeg.

CANADIAN  
PACIFIC RY.

HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD,

For roadbed and equipment has a national reputation.

ITS SLEEPING  
AND  
DINING CARS

are models of luxury and elegance. First class coaches and free colonist cars are run on all through trains.

#### THE LOWEST RATES

—To—  
Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa,  
Quebec, New York and  
All Eastern Ports,  
Always Made.

Cheapest Rates to  
ST. PAUL, CHICAGO  
and all Southern Points.

Rates to Coast Ports \$10 and \$5 lower than by any other route. Baggage checked through to destination.

Direct connections made at Vancouver with the "Empress" Steamers for points in China, Japan, Etc. These steamers are new and nothing that human ingenuity can devise or money procure has been spared in their construction.

For full particulars as to rates, etc., apply to

J. K. STEVENSON,  
Agent, Moose Jaw.  
Or to ROBERT KERR,  
General Pass. Agent, Winnipeg.

DRAIVING.

The undersigned begs to announce that he is prepared to do Draying at

SHORTEST NOTICE.

CONTRACTS.

— Taken for —

CELLAR DICKING,  
AND FURNISHING BUILDING STONE.  
PAUL OSTRANDER.

SHAVING  
PARLOUR.

SHAVING,  
HAIR CUTTING,  
SHAMPOOING.  
H. W. CARTER.

James Cline !

ORDERS FOR DRAIVING

Promptly Executed.

Teams on Hand at all Hours

E. A. BAKER & CO.

Stock-Taking 1892

Will begin this month and as we desire to reduce our Large Stock

SPECIAL :: INDUCEMENTS !

will be offered for the balance of month to

PARTIES PURCHASING QUANTITIES.

BLUESTONE ! BLUESTONE !

Farmers secure your supply early as the demand is expected to exceed the supply.

FRESH ARRIVALS !

GREEN FRUITS .

APPLES,  
ORANGES,  
GRAPES,  
LEMONS, &C.

FLOUR, BRAN, SHORTS,  
Special Prices on Application.

GALT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND.

H. MCDOUGALL

— DEALER IN —

Lumber & Wood Building Material

OF EVERY KIND, INCLUDING

Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows, Paper, etc., etc.

Is now prepared to undertake the supply of all building material in his line.

Contractors and others buying in large quantities will find prices right.

Monthly settlements in future will be required. Time will be given when rate of Interest and Security are satisfactory.

Retail trade to the general public,

CASH.

Lumber delivered to cars or within corporation limits free of charge.

H. MCDOUGALL



GENERAL NOTES.

Temple Building.

Build three more stately mansions  
O my soul!  
As the swift seasons roll.  
Leave thy low, vaulted past  
Let each new temple, nobler than the last,  
Shut thee from heaven with a dome more  
vast,  
Till thou at length art free,  
Leaving thine outgrown shell  
By life's unroofing sea.

A Canadian's Suggestion.

Mr. D. R. Wilkie, general manager of the Imperial Bank of Canada says in a recent article:—

Let me make the following suggestions, which, though not bearing on the Canadian bank system, would, I believe, if adopted, confer upon the United States the greatest measure of permanent financial relief and a satisfactory solution of the currency question, which must be faced soon, and the sooner the better. Let the bank note circulation of the United States be limited to the paid up capital of the banks, and in case of insolvency bear interest at five per cent per annum until date of redemption, and in the mean time be a first charge upon the assets of the bank and upon the double liability of shareholders, and the further secured: (a) By a bank note circulation fund deposited with the government at, say, five per cent in gold of the total issue, to be contributed by each bank in proportion to its authorized issue, and held to redeem promptly the notes of any insolvent bank, the fund to be replenished as occasion requires by calls upon the contributing banks in proportion to their average circulation; (b) by the deposits with the treasury of government, state, municipal railroad or other marketable securities to the extent of ninety-five per cent of the authorized issues, said securities and their value as security to be approved of by the treasury and by a board representing the contributing banks; (c) all notes to be issued to the banks from the treasury and countersigned by an officer thereof. Under such a system the bank note circulation of the United States should meet all the requirements of the people. Its soundness would be unimpeachable it would ensure sufficient elasticity to provide currency at all seasons of the year at a minimum cost to the borrower, it would kill the agitation for the free coinage of silver, and would give a national bank note a world wide circulation.

Advertisements in Coffee.

The Dominion Analyst, has just issued a bulletin on coffee, the result of analyses on samples collected last winter. The report will go far to shatter the belief in public honesty. Many of them were found adulterated, and 27 of the most flagrant cases were selected for prosecution. Fourteen of the delinquents on being required to pay the costs of procuring and analysing samples amounting in each case to \$14, complied with the demand. The remaining 13 were sued, five of them convicted, and the remaining eight cases are still in litigation. There were, however, a great many instances in which the article was sold as "compound" or "mixture" either verbally or having words written or printed on the packages. Regarding the material the report says: "In the case of adulterated samples the soluble matter varies in amount from 25 to 65 per cent, the high figures being always occasioned by the catenel gum, soluble starch and dextrin contained in the substances which are mixed with coffee in order to produce a cheaper article. The manufacturers of adulterated coffee do not by any means confine themselves to the use of chicory. Roasted peas and grain are also ground in with it and sold as part of the resulting "compound."

Special Prize for Dairy Cattle.

In order to encourage spirited competition among the dairy breeds at the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition, Mr. Aaron Burrows, President of the North West Farmer Printing and Publishing Co., and representative of the Manitoba Dairy Association on the directorate of the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition, offers a silver cup value \$50, for the best herd of husband four females of dairy breeds, Holsteins, Jerseys, Guernseys, or Ayrshires, owned by one exhibitor, at least three of the females to be over two years old.

Loss of Stock.

Lethbridge News: The recent storm was the hardest on stock of any since 1886-7 and the loss will not be fully known until after the spring round up. Reports from Macleod and Pincher Creek state that a large number of cattle were snowed under, having got under embankments and the snow drifted over them in some cases completely covering them. The cowboys were busy last week pulling out all those which were still alive, but they state that a great number had succumbed. On the north side of the river they drifted over embankments and we understand numbers of them lie dead at the bottom while numbers of calves are running on the prairie

without mothers. The storm was nearly as bad on horses as on cattle and in the immediate vicinity quite a number of horses succumbed to it. Altogether the loss will amount to thousands of dollars, as we understand the storm extended over the whole range country.

Will be Compelled to Remain in Jail.

The medical board appointed on the Montague case reports that it is not necessary for the health of Mrs. Montague to release her now, and it is certain that she will serve her full term in jail. The fact that she is about to become a mother has been advanced as a reason for keeping her in jail instead of releasing her on the ground that in view of treatment of her other children it is best to have her under supervision.

Police Barracks a Goal.

An order in council has been passed, declaring the Regina police barracks, a goal or lockup for the confinement of prisoners charged with the commission of any offence or sentenced to any punishment or confinement in any part of the Territories, and the same is thereby declared to be a goal or lockup for the confinement of prisoners accordingly.

Binder Twine.

To the Editor of the Times.  
Sir,—Will you allow me on behalf of the manufacturers of binder twine to state a few facts as viewed from their side of the question:

1. Binder twine is manufactured from the most speculative raw materials the world produces.
2. The average price of Canadian twine during the past five years to the Canadian farmer has been lower than the American price to the American farmer.
3. The manufacturer of twine can only turn over his capital once in twelve months. If the product is not sold, it is obligatory on his part to carry it for another year.
4. If the duty is interfered with, the twine necessary for the Canadian trade will be shipped from the large American mills, the farmer receiving no benefit and the Canadian workman thereby being deprived of employment.
5. The Consumers Cordage Company has never earned more than ten per cent, on the value of its plant and the cash capital necessary to operate the business.
6. The C. C. Co. has never taken advantage of its position to raise prices.
7. The C. C. Co. paid out in wages during the first three months of this year, January, February and March, the sum of \$58,000.

Yours etc.  
MANUFACTURER.

Ottawa, May 2nd.

EDITORIAL NOTE.

Sir Edward George Clarke, Conservative member for Plymouth, delighted a large meeting in England recently by attacking the attitude of the United States toward the Behring sea question. He said that Lord Salisbury had shown himself eager and able to protect British subjects thousands of miles away, against the presumptions of American statesmen, and for this all Englishmen at home and abroad owed him a debt of gratitude. After referring to the alleged supineness of Liberal governments, under similar circumstances, the speaker exclaimed: "There is no sea in the world where British ships may not sail. Wherever the open sea ebbs and flows the flag of Great Britain may wave over her sailors. For refusing to recognize the contention of the United States that any sea could be closed to British ships, Lord Salisbury merits the admiration of all loyal Englishmen." The effect of this outburst was surprising. The audience rose shouting and cheering. Men waved their hats and women waved their handkerchiefs while at the rear of the building the people began singing, "For he is a jolly good fellow." The demonstration lasted several minutes, drowning the speaker's voice three times when he tried to resume his address. When he stopped speaking the audience cheered and applauded and shouted for more.



SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Execution, issued out of the Supreme Court Judicial District of Western Assiniboia at the suit of Henry W. Havelock and to me directed against the lands of Arthur Havelock, I have seized and taken into execution all the right, title interest and equity of redemption of the defendant in and to the following lands namely:—  
The east half of section number thirty (30) in township eighteen (18) in range twenty-four (24) West of the second principal Meridian in the North West Territory, which I shall offer for sale on Saturday the eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1892, at my office in the Court House, Regina at the hour of eleven o'clock forenoon.  
JAMES M. BENSON,  
Sheriff.

Regina, March 16th 1892.

MEN OF LETTERS.

The Grand Duke Constantine, cousin to the czar, has recently published a book of poems. Richard Le Gallienne is a promising young English poet whose work in the vein of Keats is attracting attention.

William O'Brien, the Irish leader, spent his time in prison in writing a novel which he calls "When We Were Boys."

Pierre Loti, the novelist, is a Lieutenant in the French navy, and writes all of his books from notes made in his diary while on his travels.

Edward S. Van Zile, the successful young novelist, is a slender, olive skinned man with dark eyes and hair, and a thoughtful countenance.

Lennox Richardson, the editor of The New York Dramatic News, has had something like a Mark Twain development in journalism.

William Sharp, author of the latest London sensation, "Children of Tomorrow," may be fairly said to stand at the head of the present romantic revival in England.

Mr. Robert Fumellon, the novelist, is a well built man of some fifty summers, with a fair head streaked with gray, clear blue eyes, and a somewhat nervous manner.

Andrew Lang has a most marvellous power of mental concentration in his work, and always writes in his dining room undisturbed by the family conversation around him.

Zola began life as a poor and obscure lad, employed at 200 a month in the book store of the famous publisher, Hachette, and from this he has risen to be the Chevalier de Madan, as he is called.

George Augustus Sala, at a recent author's dinner, said that Douglas Jerrold's publisher, learning of his death, regretfully remarked, "I am sorry to hear he's dead, for there still were pickings on his bones."

Alfred is the title of a new Latin magazine of essays, studies, poems and studies, begun in Italy under the editorship of Carlo A. Ulrich, a brilliant young scholar who distinguished himself at Munich.

John Ruskin refers to John Strangely Winter, the author of "Booth's Baby," as "the author to whom we owe the most finished and faithful rendering ever yet given of the character of the British soldier."

Arthur C. Grissom, a clever young western writer, whose work has appeared in The Youth's Companion, Detroit Free Press and other journals, is only 20 years old, and is president of the Western Authors and Artists club.

Francois C. Gipe, the French poet, who is a heavy cigarette smoker, says, "I never had any reason to attribute my indifferent health to tobacco, which I regard as a stimulant to work and to dreaming, and for the poet these two words are synonymous."

DOMINION OF CANADA.  
GOVERNMENT NOTICE

By the Honorable Edgar Dewdney,  
Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern:—

Greeting:—  
With reference to the notice issued by me and dated the 27th January, 1891, which prohibits, under pain of the penalties imposed under the provisions of the 6th Chapter of the Revised Statutes of Canada, entitled "An Act respecting Indians," the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the Northwest Territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, or to any Indian in Manitoba or in any part thereof, of any fire arms or ball cartridges.

Now know ye, that I, the said Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, for good and sufficient reasons, do hereby exempt from the operation and effect of the aforesaid notice of the 27th day of January, 1891, all those parts of the Northwest Territories of Canada aforesaid situated, lying and being north and east of the following limits:—

Commencing at the height of land between the sources of the Athabasca and the North Saskatchewan Rivers, and following it north easterly to the head waters of the Beaver River, thence following the Beaver River eastward to its junction with the outlet of Green Lake, thence due south to the 14th Base Line between Townships 22 and 24, thence east, following the 14th Base Line to the north-east corner of Township 22, Range 13, west of the 2nd Meridian, thence south to the 12th Correction Line, between Townships 22 and 24, thence east, following the 12th Correction Line to the west shore of Lake Winnipeg, and thence down Lake Winnipeg.

And notice is hereby given that the portion and portions of the Northwest Territories of Canada aforesaid within the limits above described are hereby exempted from the effect of the said notice of the 27th January, 1891, from the date of this notice.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents in my office in the City of Ottawa, this twenty-ninth day of April, 1892.  
E. DEWEDNEY,  
Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

BE A MAN!



VIGOR and STRENGTH!

For LOSS or FAILING MANHOOD, General and Nervous Debility, Weakness of BODY and MIND, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young, Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully restored. How to enlarge and strengthen WEAK UNDEVELOPED ORGANS and PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from fifty States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Look, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) FREE. Address  
ERIE MEDICAL CO.,  
CHENAILO, N.Y.

L. AFFERTY & MOORE,  
Bankers,  
AND  
FINANCIAL AGENTS

Head Office—CALGARY.

Branch Offices

Edmonton,

Vancouver, B. C.

Montreal,

Moose Jaw.

Agents—BANK OF MONTREAL

RUSSELL WILSON,

TRANSFER

AGENT.

Draying to All Parts of the Town.

Orders Executed at Shortest Notice.

MCCORMICK & SLATER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS

— A Fine Assortment of —

French, English, Scotch, and Canadian Woolens.

FINE TRADE A SPECIALTY.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

CHARGES MODERATE.

A call respectfully solicited.

Next Door to T. W. Robinson. Main St.

JAMES BRASS,

Contractor and Builder.

SASHES, DOORS,

FRAME, & BLINDS, etc.

Estimates, Plans and Specifications Furnished on Application.

First-class workmanship Guaranteed



HORSE BILLS.

Special facilities for Horse

Bills of all kinds.

Latest Designs in Printing Material

STOCK CUTS

A SPECIALTY

PRINTING HOUSE.

RIPSTEIN & CO'S.,

GREAT Fire SALE.

All Damaged Goods Must be Sold.

We are now Opening  
\$2,000 worth of

NEW DRY GOODS  
AND GROCERIES.

All will be Sold at

GREAT BARGAINS!

Remember the Stand, River Street, West.

SETTLERS  
STOVES AND FURNITURE

Estimating, Roofing and General Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

— AGENT FOR —

The : Alaska : Sientide : and : Superior : Jewel : FURNACES,  
THE BEST FURNACES MADE IN CANADA.

Estimates Furnished for Heating Buildings of any size  
Persons Requiring HOT AIR FURNACES call for Estimates.

REFERENCES—C. A. GASS, JOHN RUTHERFORD.

JOHN BRASS,

Main Street

Opposite Post Office

John Bellamy!

Dealer in

FURNITURE, DOHERTY ORGANS

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES,

— And the Celebrated —

DOMINION PIANO.

A Fresh Car of Bedroom Suites, Extension Tables, Etc., Just Arrived.

Call and See Our \$18.00 Bedroom Suites.

Undertaking Supplies Constantly on Hand.

Picture Framing a Specialty

WRIGHT BROS.

BUTCHERS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

Paid for

POULTRY.

Main St.

Moose Jaw.

WM. WALSH.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

HIGH STREET.

Two car loads of first class horses just arrived.

INSPECTION SOLICITED.



